

# EOS Aura Science Team Meeting

Pasadena, CA, 1-5 October 2007

## Absorbing Aerosols as seen by OMI and the A-train

*Omar Torres*

*JCET/University of Maryland Baltimore County*

*Changwoo Ahn*

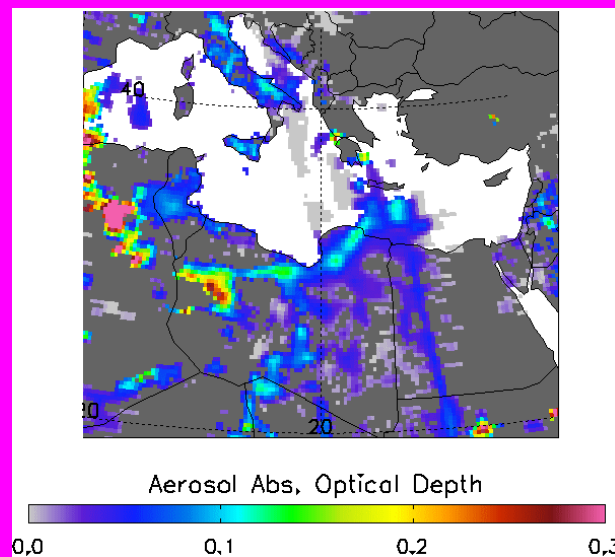
*Science Systems and Applications Inc.*

*Greece Fires, August 27, 2007*

# OMI Near UV Aerosol Product

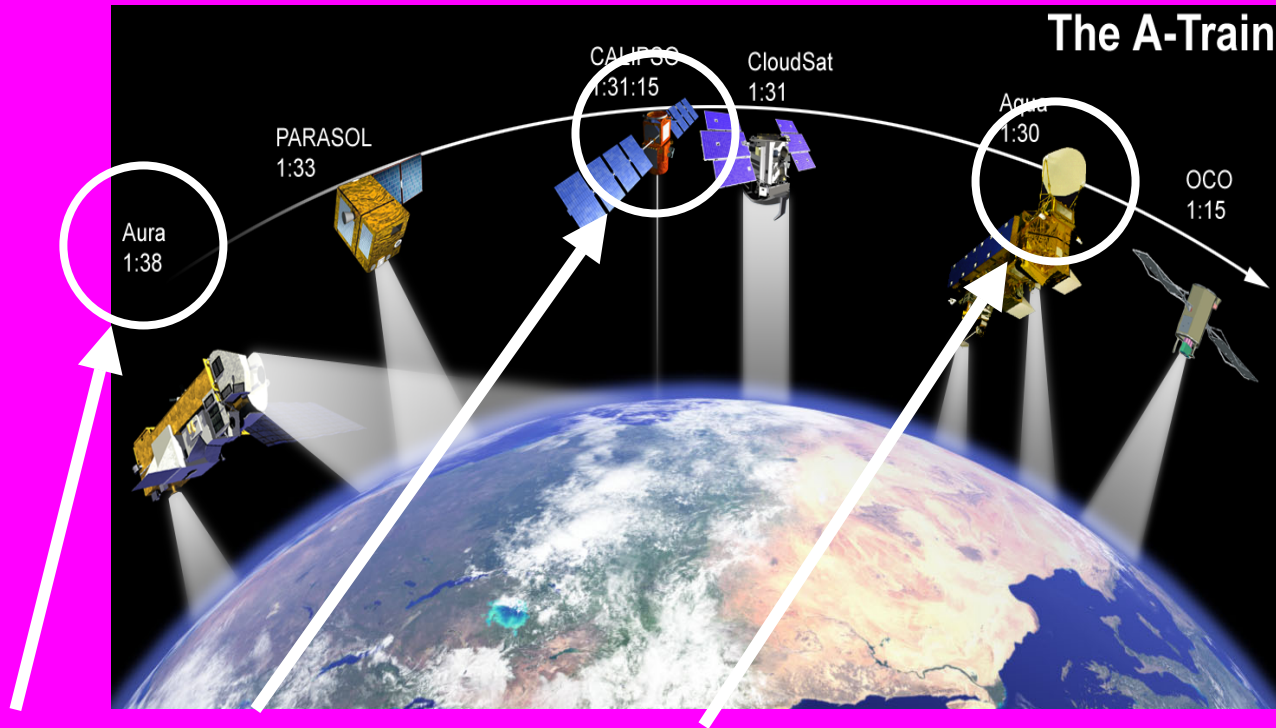
- TOMS heritage
- Uses as input radiances as two near UV channels: 354 and 388 nm
- Pixel size: 13x24 km at nadir
- Retrieved Products: Absorbing Aerosol Index (AAI)
  - 388 Aerosol Extinction Optical Depth (AOD)
  - 388 Aerosol Single Scattering Albedo (SSA)

Aerosol Absorption Optical Depth is calculated as  
 $AAOD = AOD (1.0 - SSA)$



Retrieved AAOD on August 27, 2007

Aura is one of seven satellites in the A-train

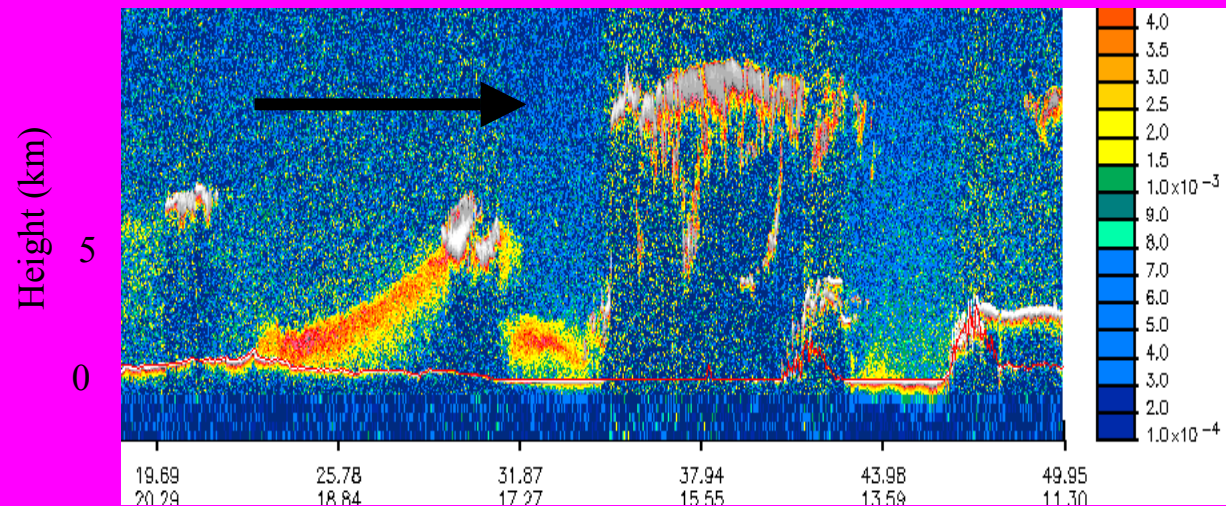


Aura-OMI, Calipso and Aqua-MODIS observations are highlighted in this presentation

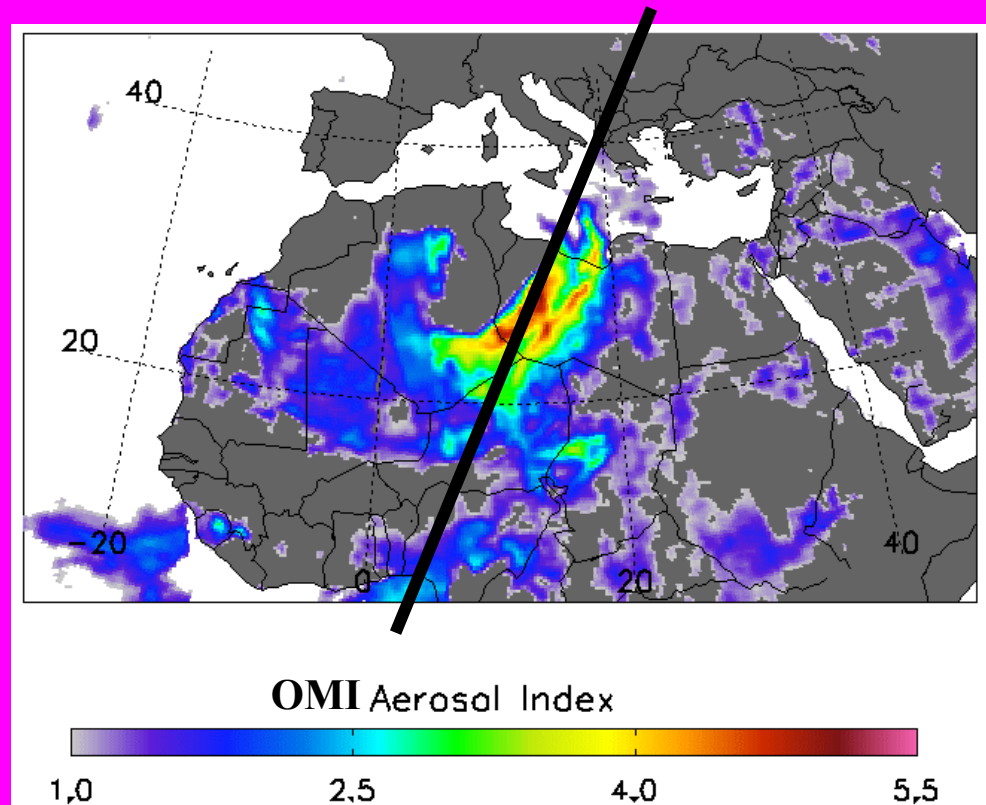
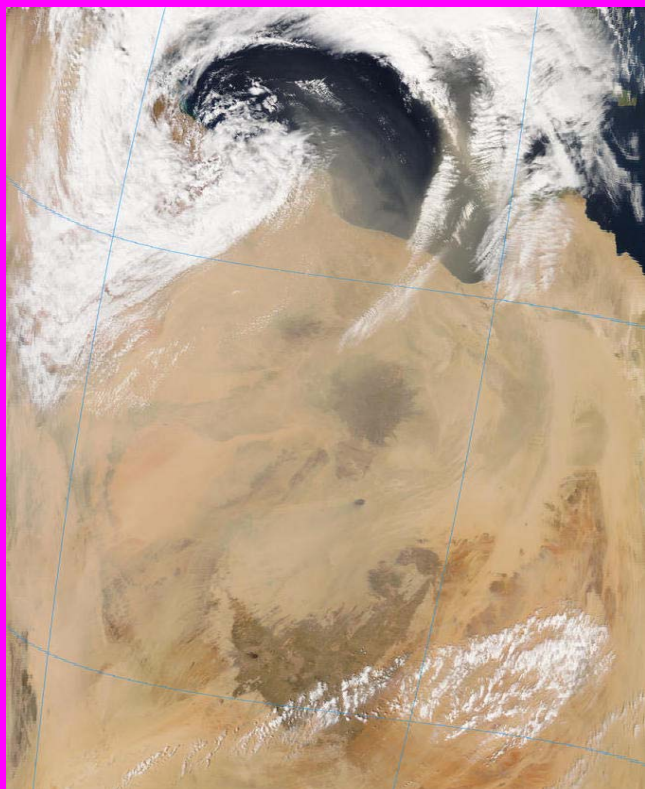
Parasol, Aqua-AIRS, and Glory-APS (not shown) also measure aerosol properties



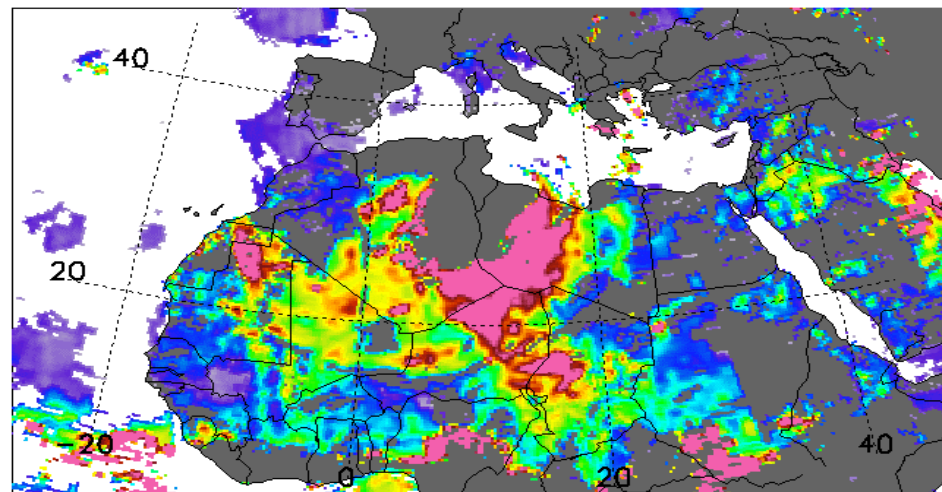
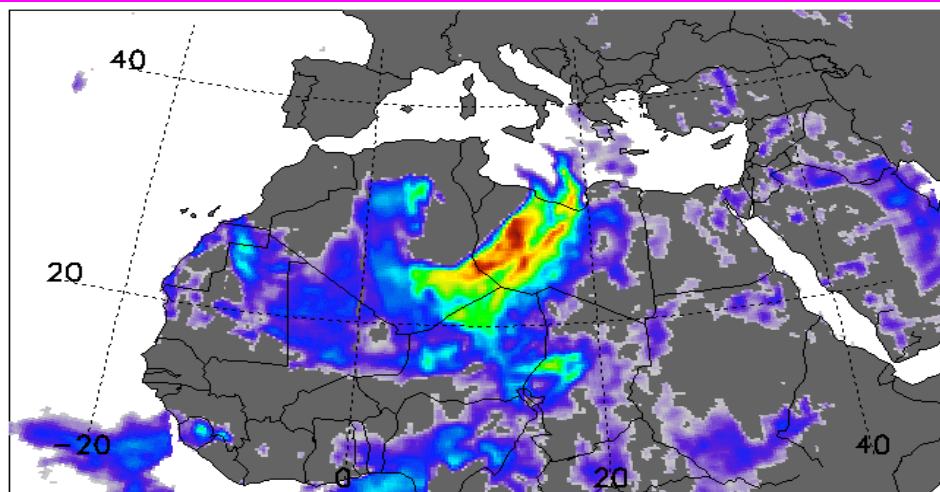
# Dust Storm outbreak on March 9, 2007



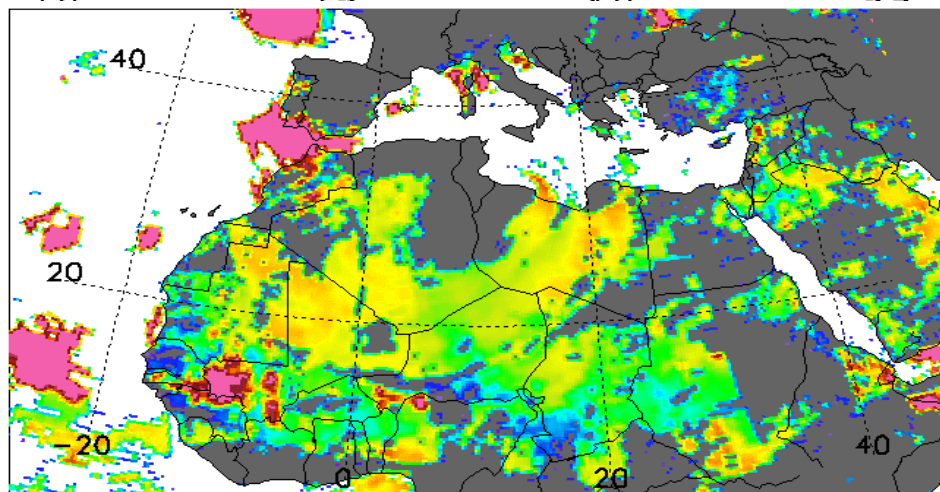
MODIS RGB



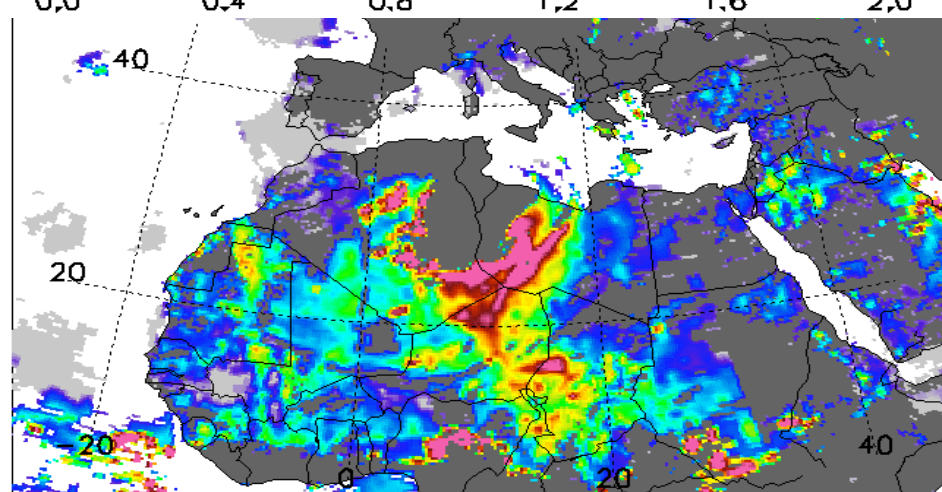
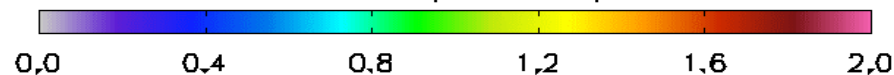
# OMI Retrieved Aerosol Properties



Aerosol Index



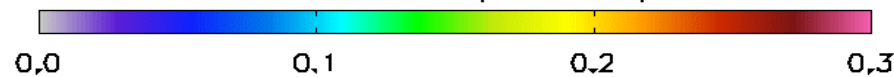
Aerosol Optical Depth



Single Scattering Albedo

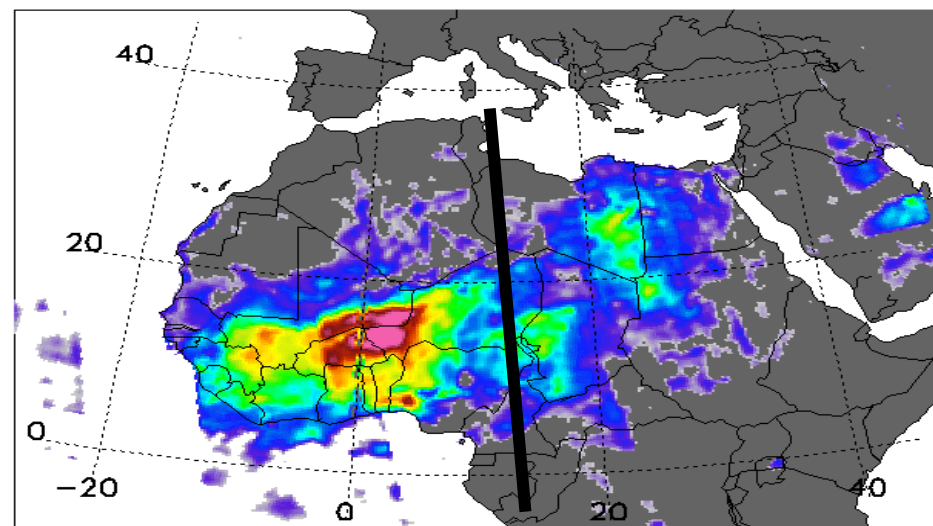
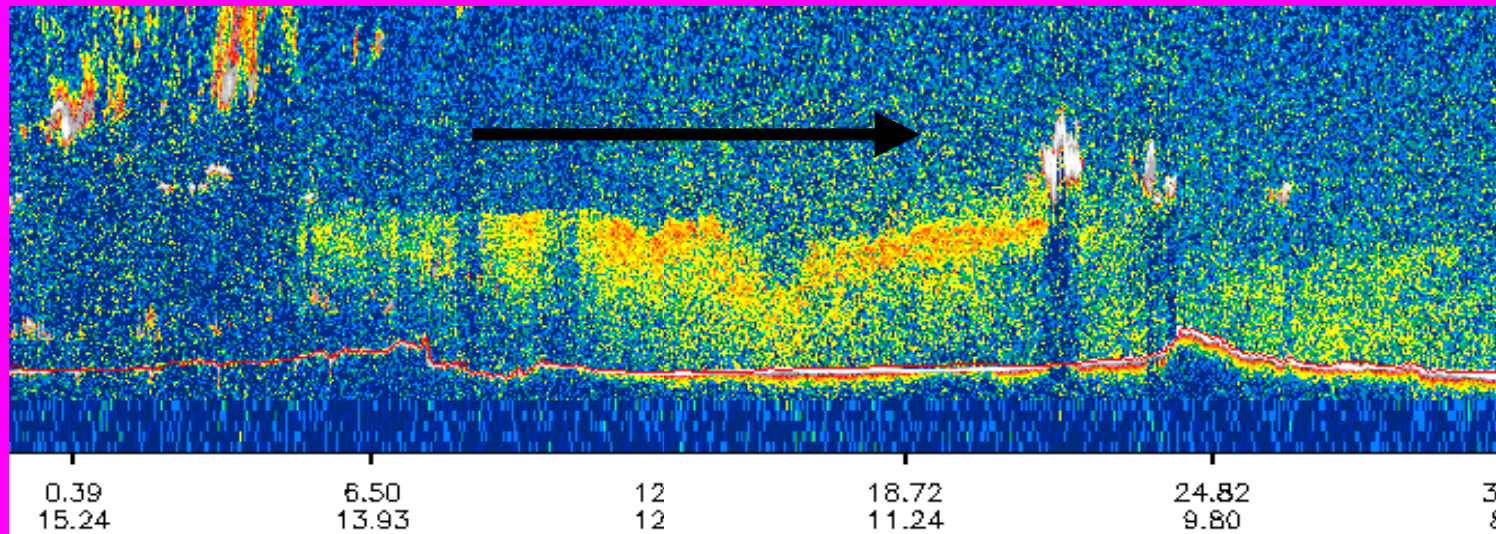


Aerosol Abs. Optical Depth

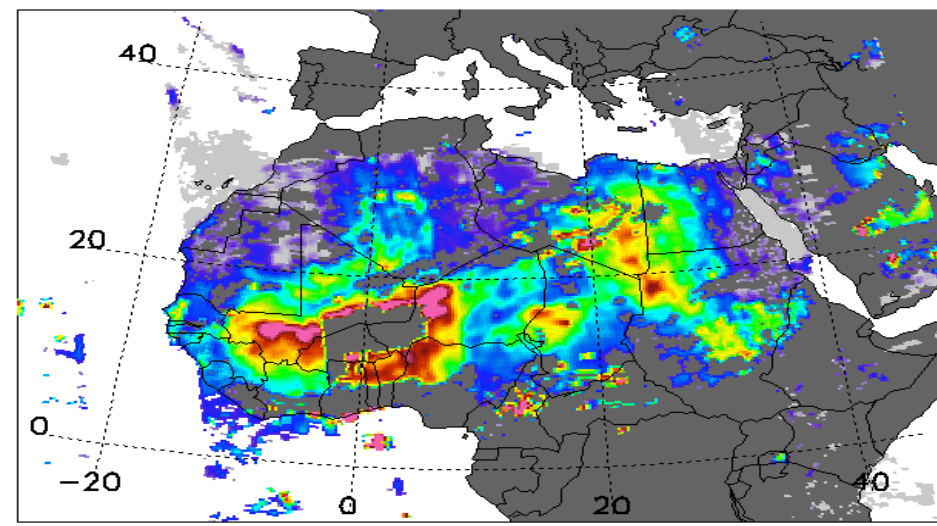




# Dust uplifting over Lake Chad, April 4, 2007



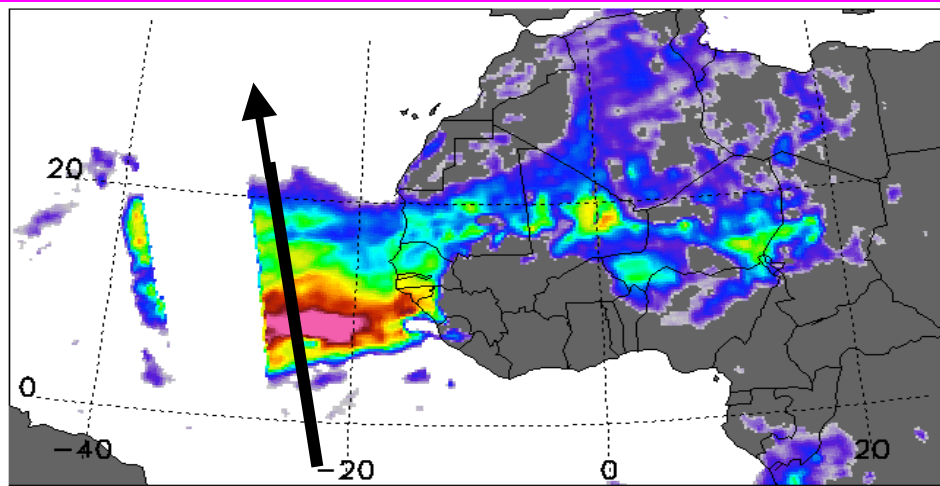
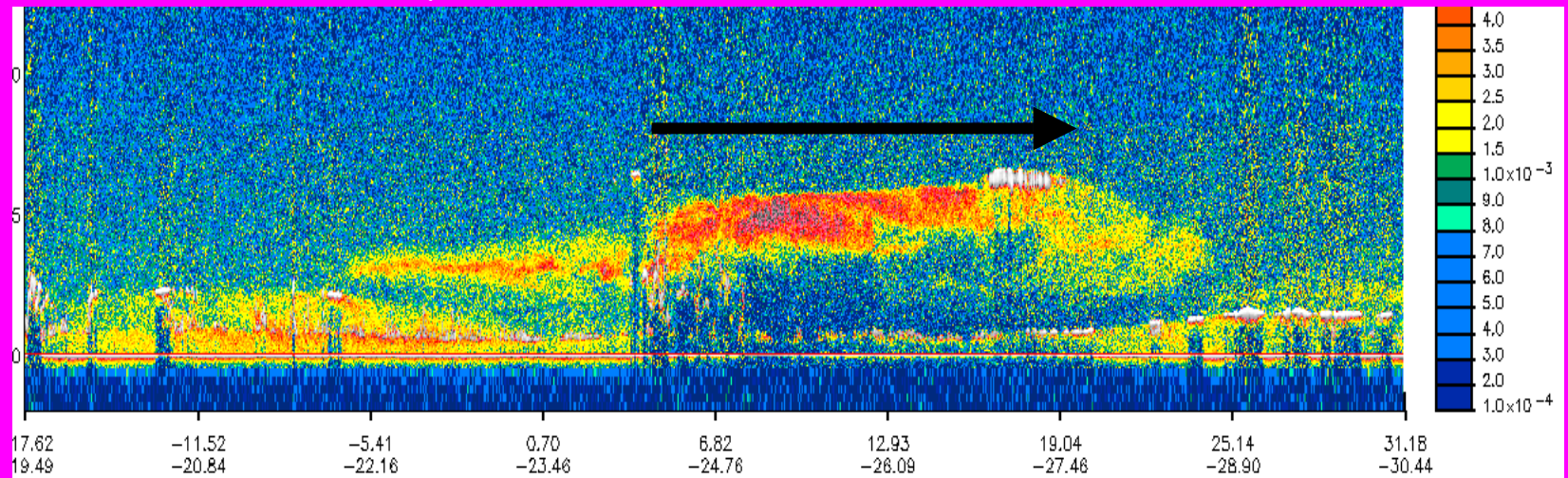
Aerosol Index



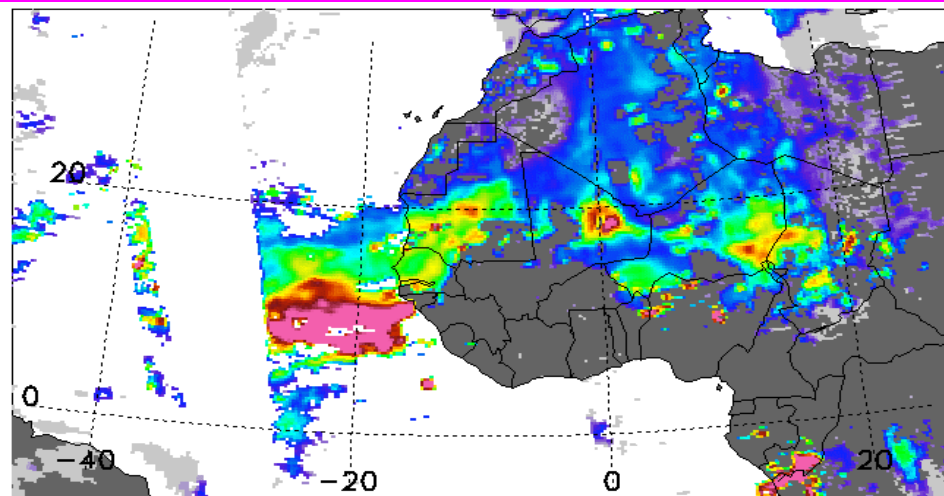
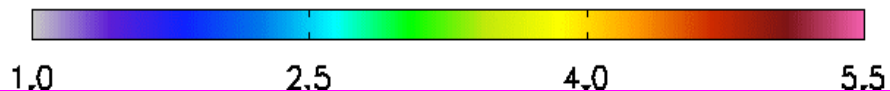
Aerosol Abs. Optical Depth



# Saharan Dust Layer over Atlantic Ocean on June 22, 2007



Aerosol Index

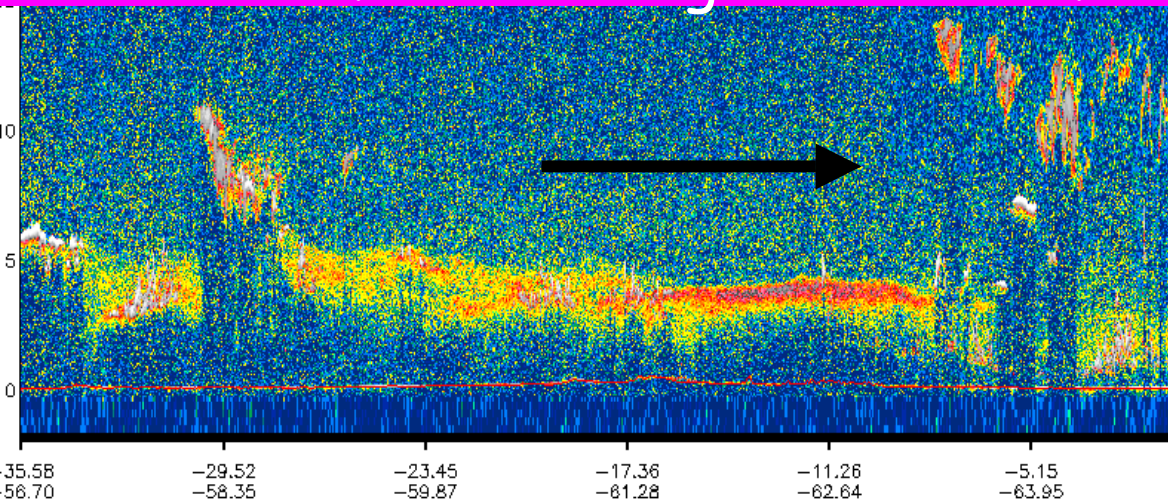


Aerosol Abs. Optical Depth

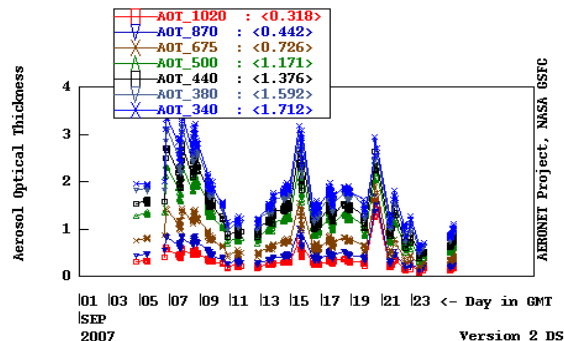




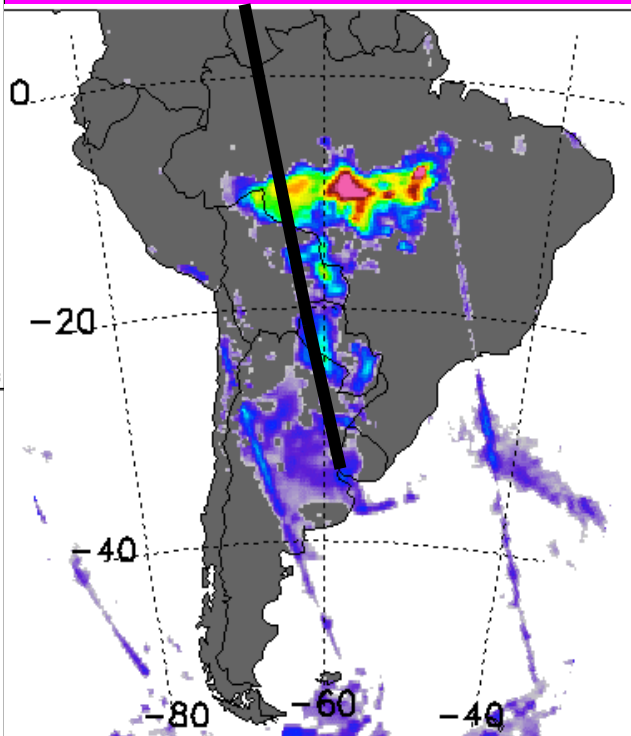
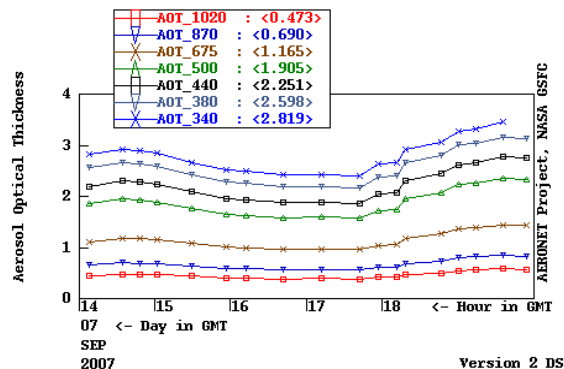
# Biomass Burning in South America, Sept 6-2007



SANTA\_CRUZ\_UTEPSA , S 17 46'01", W 63 12'03", Alt 432 m,  
PI : Brent Holben, brent@aeronet.gsfc.nasa.gov  
Level 1.5 AOT; Data from SEP 2007

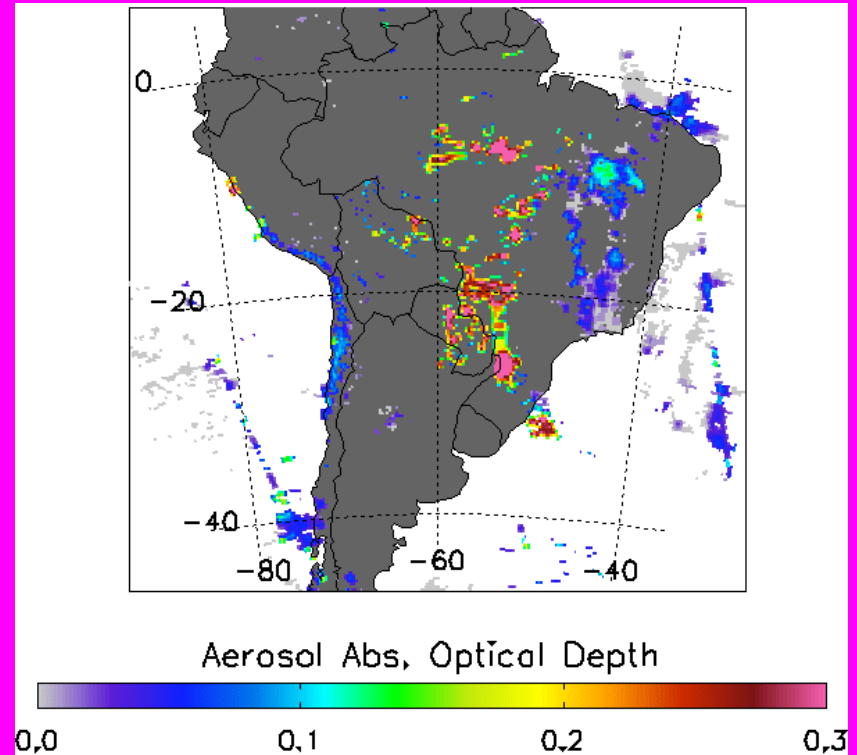
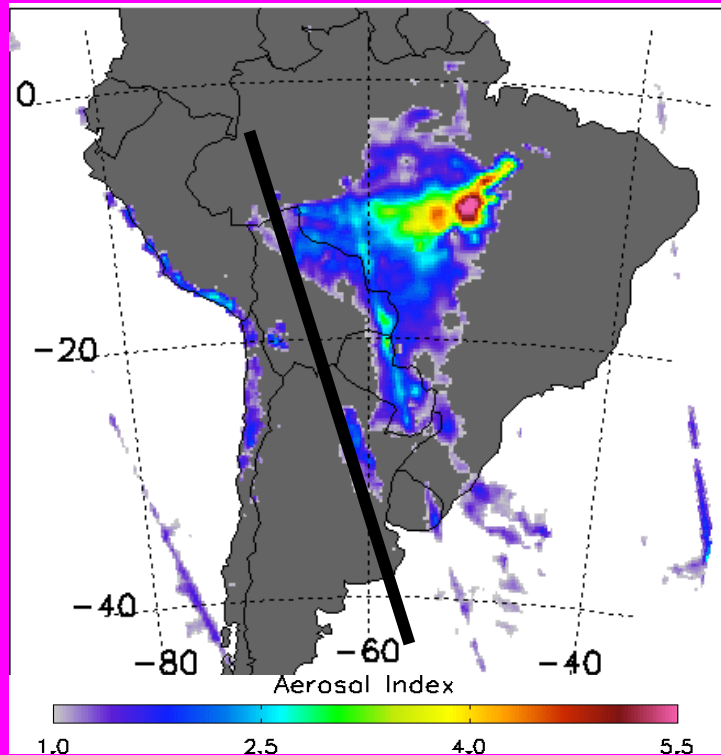
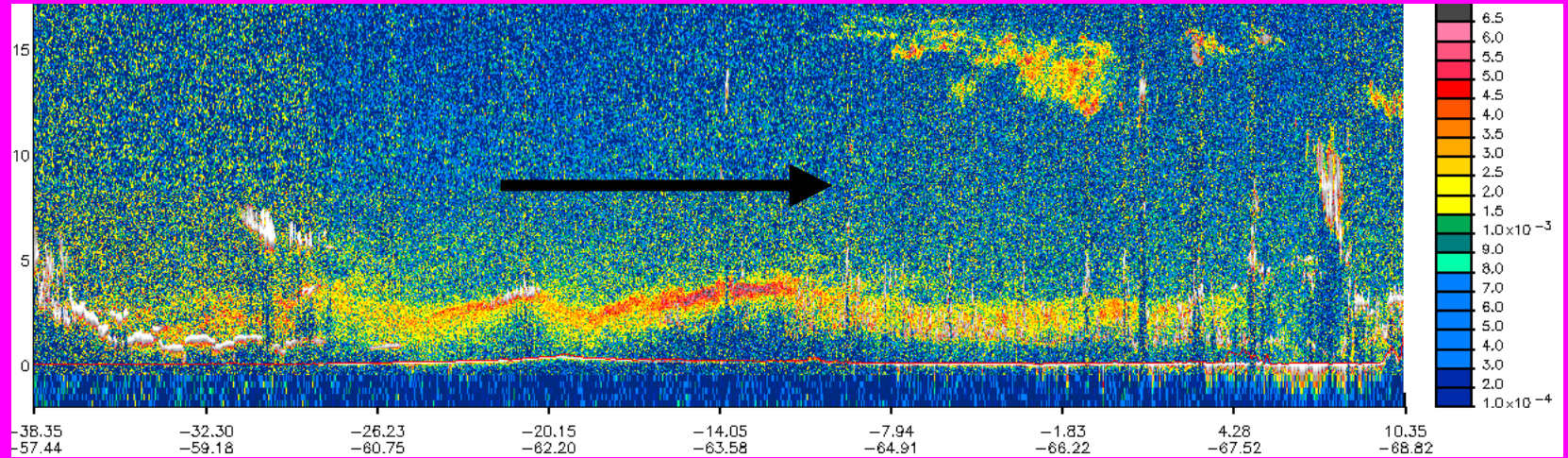


SANTA\_CRUZ\_UTEPSA , S 17 46'01", W 63 12'03", Alt 432 m,  
PI : Brent Holben, brent@aeronet.gsfc.nasa.gov  
Level 1.5 AOT; Data from 7 SEP 2007



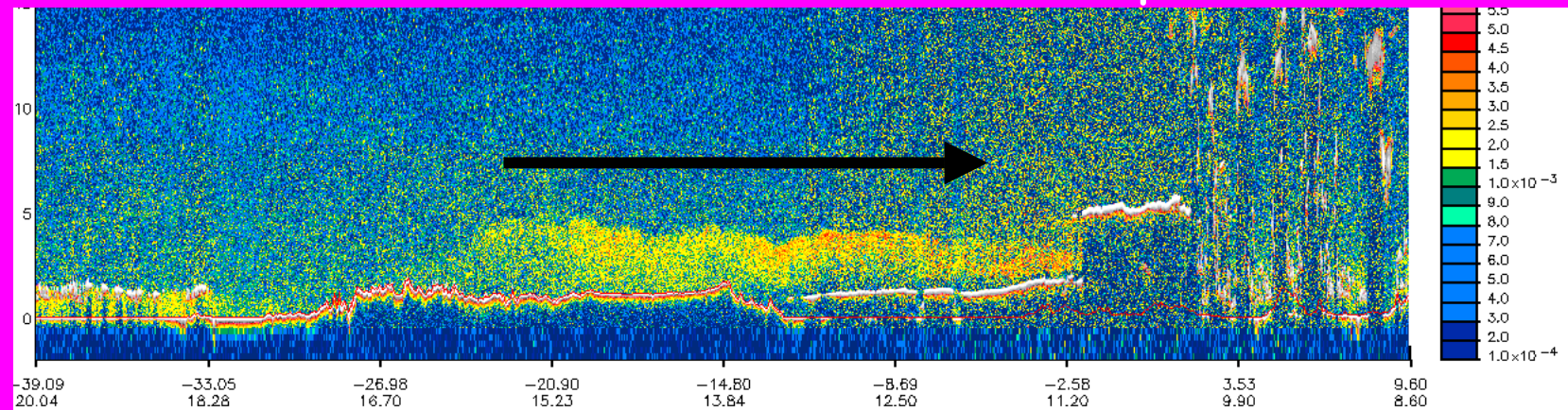


# Wave Activity as seen by Calipso on Sept. 14, 2007

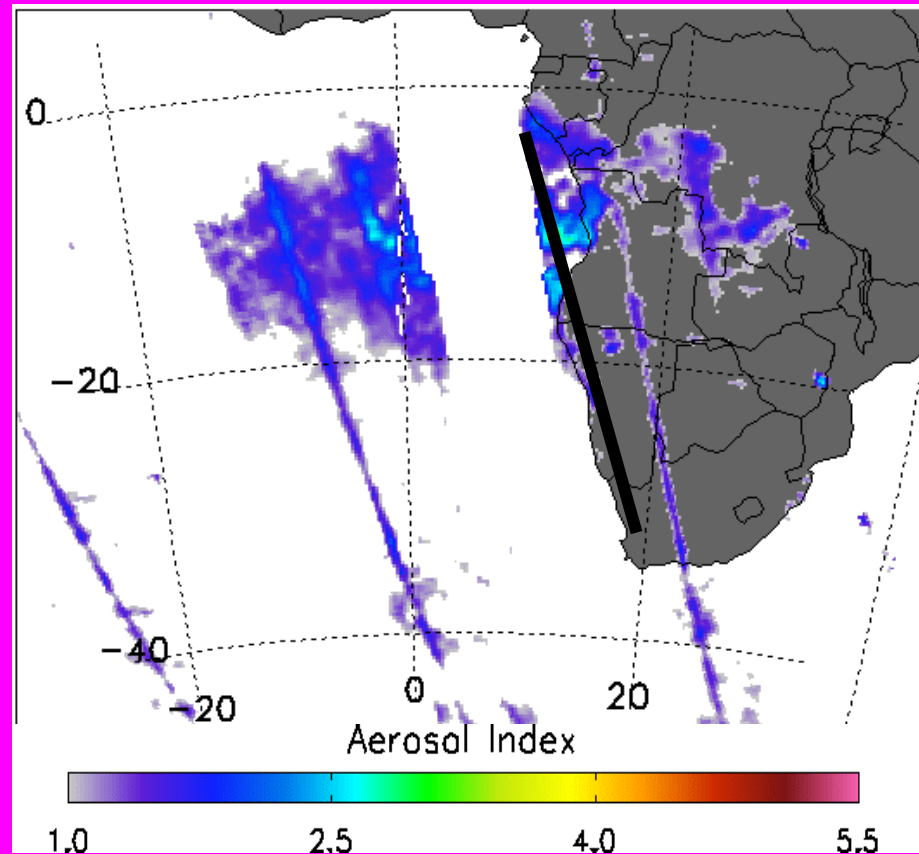
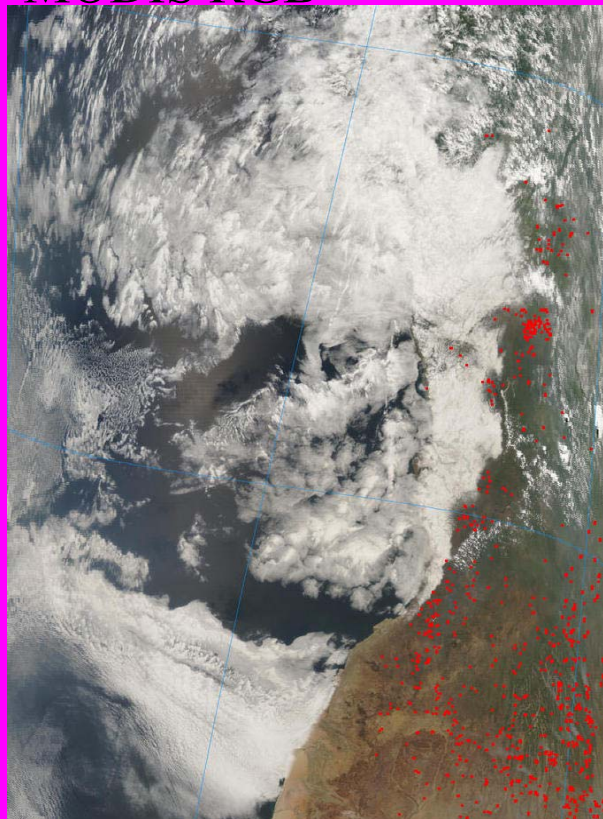




# Detection of aerosols over clouds Sept 16, 2007

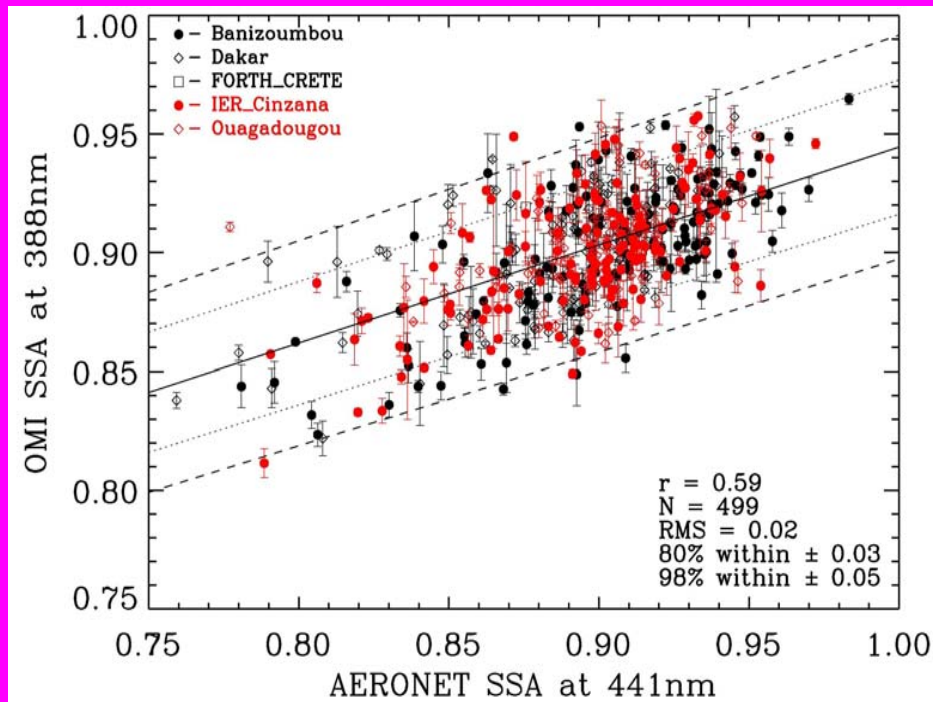


## MODIS RGB

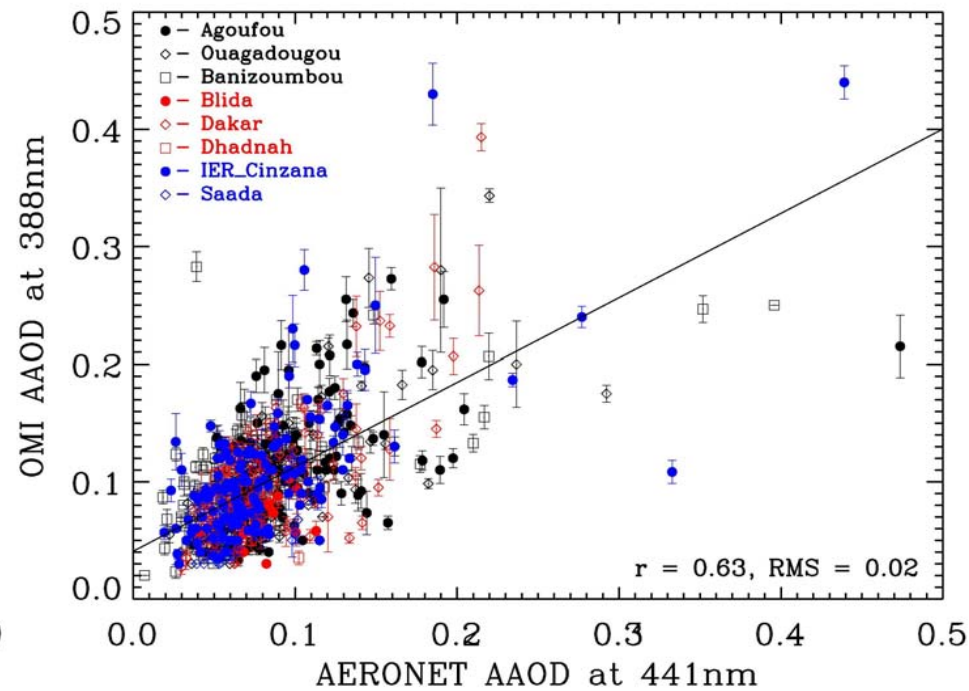




# Comparison of OMI and AERONET Retrievals of Single Scattering Albedo and absorption optical depth of dust aerosols

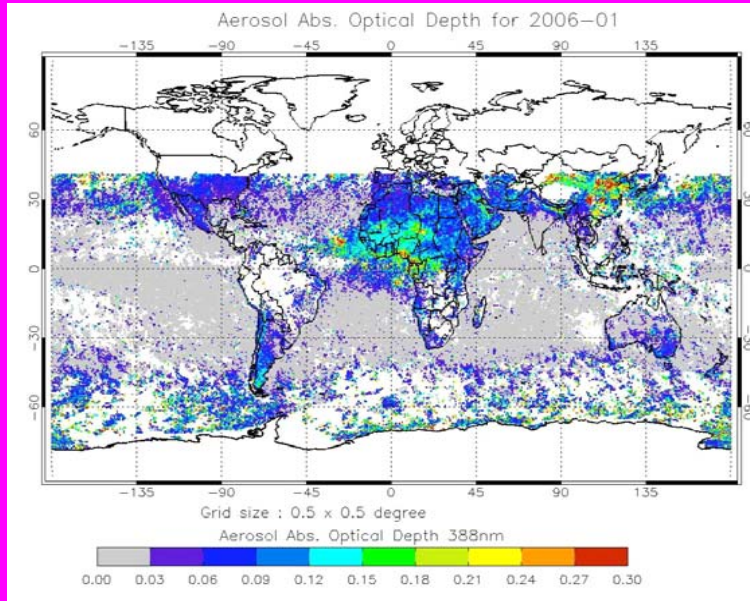


Single Scattering Albedo  
 $R = 0.59$   
 $RMS = 0.02$

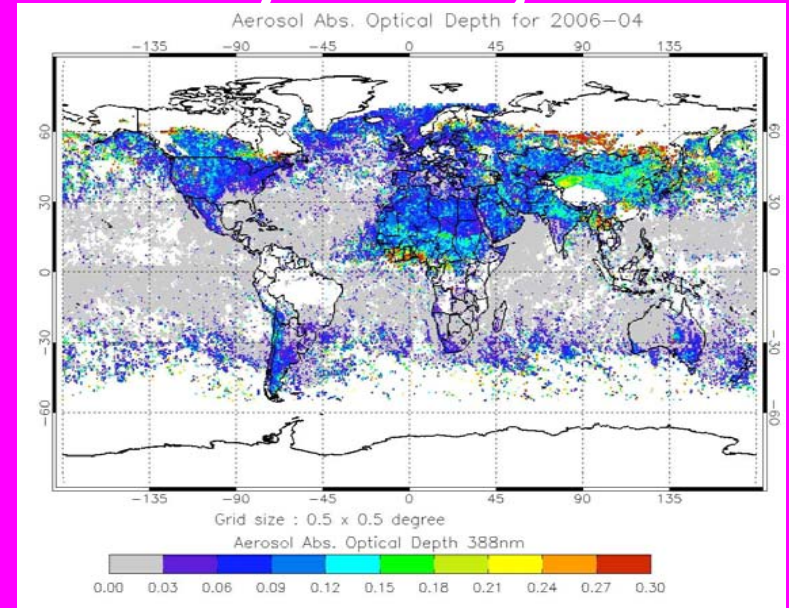


Absorption Optical Depth  
 $R = 0.63$   
 $RMS = 0.02$

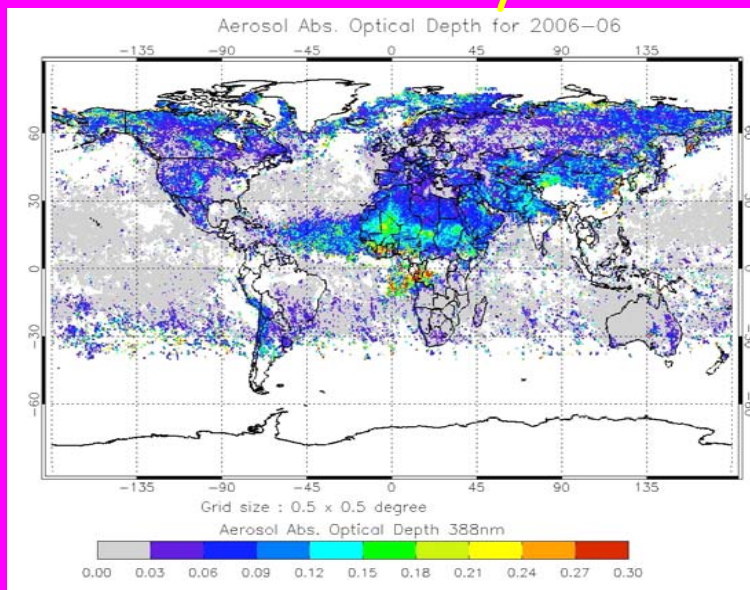
# OMI AAOD 2006 Monthly Averages



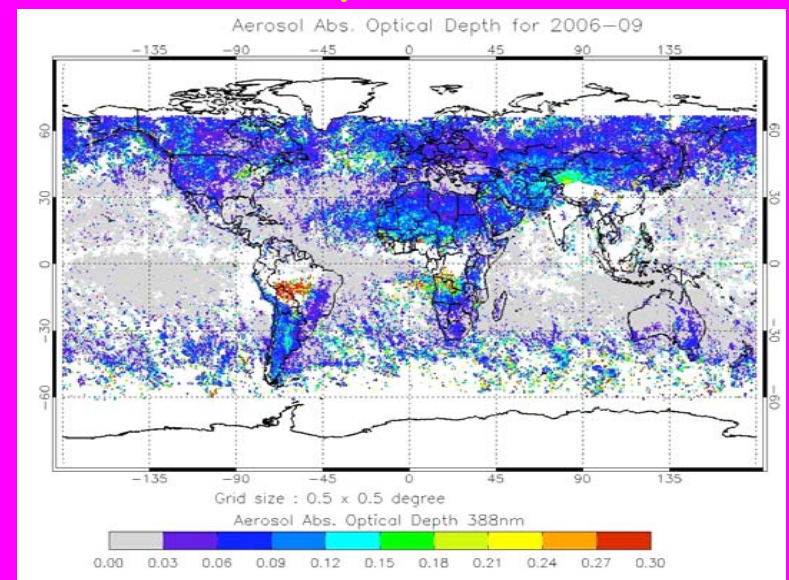
January



April



June



September



## Concluding Remarks

- OMI's greatest advantage for aerosol remote sensing is its near UV capability to detect and characterize aerosol absorption effects.
- OMI aerosol absorption measurements provide information on an important aerosol property not available from aerosol dedicated sensors.
- The combined use of OMI aerosol absorption measurements with observations by other A-train provides a more complete characterization of the atmospheric aerosol load.

## Future Work

- Combined retrievals using OMI, Calipso, MODIS and AIRS observations (NASA funding for these activities has been obtained).
- OMI near UV retrieval capabilities will be extended to aerosol-cloud mixtures.